3 (Sem-5/CBCS) CHE HE4/HE5/HE6

2024

CHEMISTRY

(Honours Elective)



Answer the Questions from any one Option.

OPTION - D

(Novel Inorganic Solids)

Paper: CHE-HE-5046

OPTION - E

(Polymer Chemistry)

Paper: CHE-HE-5056

OPTION - F

(Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis)

Paper: CHE-HE-5066

Full Marks: 60

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

OPTION - D

Paper: CHE-HE-5046

(Novel Inorganic Solids)

- 1. Answer the following as directed: $1 \times 7 = 7$
 - (a) Quartz is an acidic refractory.

 (State True or False)
 - (b) Insertion compound formation is the basis of '_____'.

(Fill in the blank)

- (c) What is ideal solid electrolyte?
- (e) What are fullerides?
- (f) The colour gold nanoparticles is
 - (i) yellow
 - (ii) orange
 - (iii) red
 - (iv) variable

(Choose the correct option)

(g) Give an example of an one-dimensional metal.

- 2. Answer the following questions: (any four)
 - (a) What is hydrothermal method?
 - (b) What is the amount (%) of carbon in pure iron, cast iron and steel?
 - (c) Write two differences between organic and inorganic pigments.
 - (d) Distinguish between natural and artificial nanoparticles.
- 3. Answer the following question: (any three) 5×3=15
 - (a) What are the classifications of composite materials?
 - (b) Discuss a method for the synthesis of silver nanoparticles. What is the colour of silver nanoparticles? 4+1=5
 - (c) Write a note on sol-gel method.
 - (d) Based on the composition, how are ceramic materials classified? Discuss each of them. 2+3=5
 - (e) What is carbon tool steel? Give its composition and discuss its applications. 2+3=5

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- 4. Answer the following questions: (any three) $10\times 3=30$
 - (a) Discuss the environmental effects on composites and give applications of composites. 5+5=10
 - (b) Give brief descriptions of the following: $2\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 10$
 - (i) Bio-nanocomposites
 - (ii) Matrix material
 - (iii) Thermoplastics
 - (iv) Molecular magnets
 - (c) Write the characteristics and applications of various types of cast irons.

 4+6=10
 - (d) What is DNA nanotechnology? Write a brief note on biological applications of DNA nanomaterials.3+7=10
 - (e) Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of solid state synthesis.
 - (f) Discuss the various methods used in the synthesis of inorganic solids.

OPTION - E

Paper: CHE-HE-5056

(Polymer Chemistry)

- 1. Answer the following questions: $1 \times 7 = 7$
 - (a) Which of the following is not a classification scheme for polymers?
 - (i) By source
 - (ii) By structure
 - (iii) By colour
 - (iv) By thermal properties
 - (b) The degree of polymerization is related to
 - (i) the molecular weight of the monomer
 - (ii) the number of repeating units in a polymer
 - (iii) the thermal stability of the polymer
 - (iv) the crystallinity of the polymer
 - (c) Which type of polymerization involves reacting monomers with two or more functional groups?
 - (i) Chain growth polymerization
 - (ii) Step growth polymerizaion
 - (iii) Coordination polymerization
 - (iv) Ionic polymerization

- (d) The melting point of a crystalline polymer is influenced by its molecular weight. (True or False)
- (e) The _____ temperature is a critical point that signifies the transition from a brittle to a rubbery state in polymers.

(Fill in the blank)

- (f) Polydispersity index (PDI) indicates the distribution of molecular weights in a given polymer sample. (True or False)
- (g) Flory-Huggins theory is primarily concerned with
 - (i) polymer crystallinity
 - (ii) polymer solubility
 - (iii) polymer mechanical properties
 - (iv) polymer synthesis
- 2. Answer the following questions: $2\times4=8$
 - (a) Explain the significance of functionality in synthetic polymer formation.
 - (b) Describe the difference between cationic and anionic polymerization mechanisms.
 - (c) What factors affect the glass transition temperature (Tg) of polymers?

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- (d) Calculate the degree of polymerization (DP) of a polymer if the average molecular weight of the polymer is $10000 \, g/mol$ and the molecular weight of the repeating unit is $100 \, g/mol$.
- 3. Answer of the following questions:

 (any three) 5×3=15
 - (a) Discuss the mechanism and kinetics of step-growth polymerization.
 - (b) A polymer sample has a number average molecular weight (M_n) of $50000 \, g/mol$ and a weight-average molecular weight (M_w) of $100000 \, g/mol$. Calculate the polydispersity index (PDI) of the polymer. Estimate the number of polymer chains in each molecular weight category, assuming the chains are distributed in a 1:2:3 ratio (low: medium: high molecular weights) and the total weight of the polymer sample is $150000 \, g$.

2+3=5

- (c) Describe the thermodynamics of polymer solutions and the significance of entropy and enthalpy.
- (d) Outline the properties of polyolefins and their applications.

- (e) Derive the expression for the degree of polymerization (DP) in terms of the number-average molecular weight (M_n) and the molecular weight of the repeating unit (M_o) . Explain how variations in DP can affect the thermal and mechanical properties of the polymer.
- Answer of the following questions : (any three)
 - (a) Compare and contrast various polymerization techniques, focusing on their advantages and limitations in the synthesis of polymers.
 - (b) Elaborate on the factors affecting the crystallinity and melting point of crystalline polymers, including practical applications.
 - (c) Discuss the preparation, structure, properties and applications of poly (vinyl chloride) and related polymers.
 - (d) Write down Williams-Landel-Ferry (WLF) equation and explain various terms involved in it. Discuss the implications of the WLF equation in determining the glass transition temperature (Tg) of polymers.

3+7=10

- (e) Provide a detailed account of conducting polymers, including their synthesis, properties and applications in modern technology.
- (f) Discuss the classification of polymers based on their physical, thermal and mechanical properties, providing examples for each category.

OPTION - F

Paper: CHE-HE-5066

(Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis)

- 1. Answer the following questions: $1 \times 7 = 7$
 - (a) What is the basic difference between qualitative analysis and quantitative analysis?
 - (b) How many significant figures are there in 0.00200?
 - (c) Define transmittance of a medium.
 - (d) In gas-liquid chromatography the mobile phase is an unreactive gas.

(State True or False)

- (e) Define molecular partition function for a system.
- (f) What information can be obtained from the radiochemical analysis method?
- (g) What is voltametry?
- 2. Answer the following questions: $2\times4=8$
 - (a) Distinguish between emission and absorption spectra.
 - (b) What do you understand by the term 'selection rules' in spectroscopy?
 - (c) What is spin-spin coupling in NMR spectroscopy?

- (d) What is fragmentation process in mass spectroscopy?
- 3. Answer of the following questions:

 (any three) 5×3=15
 - (a) With the help of suitable examples, explain briefly how you will detect aldehydes and ketones by IR-spectroscopic method.
 - (b) Discuss briefly different quantitative analytical methods used in the laboratory.
 - (c) Explain the immunoassay technique in clinical laboratory.
 - (d) Write a note on X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy.
 - (e) Discuss the basic theory of mass spectroscopy.
- 4. Answer the following questions : (any three) $10 \times 3 = 30$
 - (a) Describe various selection rules in spetroscopy. What are the bases of spectroscopy selection rules? Explain with the help of suitable examples.
 - (b) Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of single-beam and double-beam UV-visible spectrometers.

- (c) Give the principle of column chromatographic technique. Describe the factors which determine effectiveness of separation of a mixture by column chromatography. 4+6=10
- (d) (i) What is potentiometric titration?

 Discuss the basic theory of potentiometric titration between strong acid weak base titration. 5
 - (ii) Explain the variation of emf against volume of alkali added in strong acid weak base titration. How is the equivalence point determined by a differential plot?
- (e) (i) Explain the theory of NMR spectroscopy. 5
 - (ii) What is meant by chemical shift?
 Discuss the factors affecting chemical shifts.